



PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The VKA75xSC Series DC/DC converters present an economical and practical solution for distributed power system architectures which require high power density and efficiency while maintaining system modularity and upgradeability. With the ability to operate over a wide input voltage range of 18 to 36 and 33 to 75 volts, these modules are ideal for use in battery backup applications common in today's telecommunication and electronic data processing applications. The output is fully isolated from the input, allowing for a variety of polarity and grounding configurations.

The VKA75xSC's proprietary control circuitry responds to 50-100% load steps in 100mSec-onds to within 1% nominal Vout.

The patented fixed frequency architecture combined with surface mount technology results in a compact, efficient and reliable solution to DC/DC conversion requirements.

FEATURES

- RoHS Compliant
- 18-36 V & 33 - 75V Input Range
- High Efficiency: 87% Typical at 5V
- 100mS Transient Response 50-100% Load Step
- 420 kHz Fixed-Frequency Operation
- Remote Sense
- Operation to +100°C Baseplate Temperature
- Primary Remote On/Off, Choice of Pos/Neg Logic
- Adjustable Output Voltage
- Continuoout Short-Circuit Protection
- Thermal Shutdown
- Case Ground Pin
- UL/CUL 60950, VDE EN60950

PRODUCT SELECTION CHART

MODEL	INPUT VOLTAGE	VOUT (VDC)	IOUT (A)	EFFICIENCY	
				MIN	TYP
VKA75LS02C	18-36Vdc	2.0V	15.0	75	76
VKA75LS03C	18-36Vdc	3.3V	15.0	80	81
VKA75LS05C	18-36Vdc	5.0V	15.0	85	86
VKA75LS12C	18-36Vdc	12.0V	6.3	87	88
VKA75LS15C	18-36Vdc	15.0V	5.0	88	89
VKA75LS24C	18-36Vdc	24.0V	3.1	89	90
VKA75MS02C	33-75Vdc	2.0V	15.0	76	77
VKA75MS03C	33-75Vdc	3.3V	15.0	81	82
VKA75MS05C	33-75Vdc	5.0V	15.0	86	87
VKA75MS12C	33-75Vdc	12.0V	6.3	88	89
VKA75MS15C	33-75Vdc	15.0V	5.0	89	90
VKA75MS24C	33-75Vdc	24.0V	3.1	89	90

THROUGH-HOLE SOLDERING INFORMATION

These devices are intended for wave soldering or manual soldering. They are not intended to be subject to surface mount processes under any circumstances.

The normal wave soldering process can be used with these devices where the device is subjected to a maximum wave temperature of 260°C for a period of no more than 10 seconds. Within this time and temperature range, the integrity of the device's plastic body will not be compromised and internal temperatures within the converter will not exceed 175°C. Care should be taken to control manual soldering limits identical to that of wave soldering.



For full details go to www.murata-ps.com/rohs

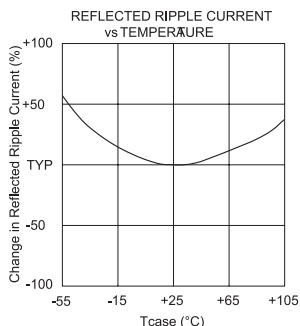
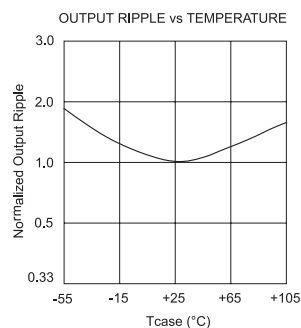
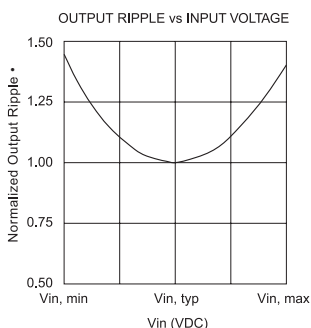
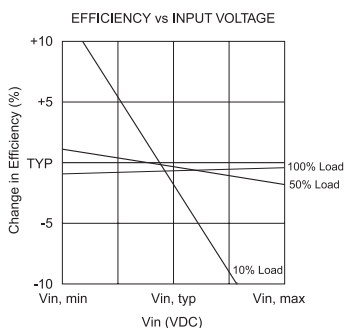
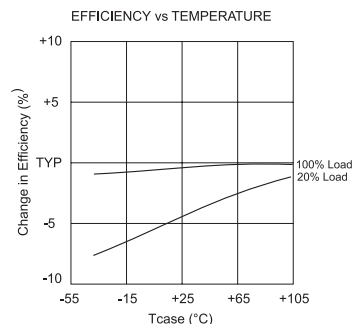
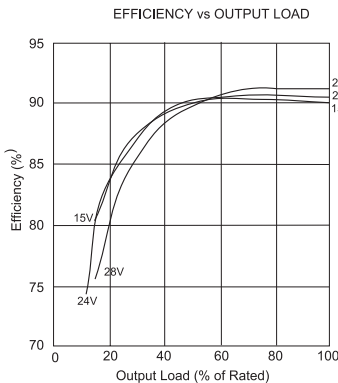
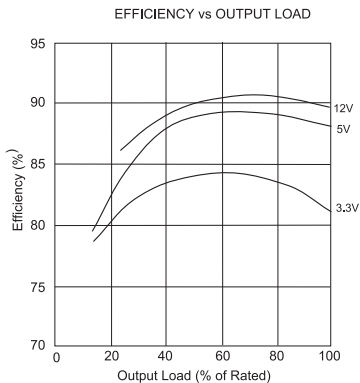
SPECIFICATIONS, ALL MODELS

Specifications are at $T_{CASE} = +40^{\circ}C$ nominal input voltage unless otherwise specified.

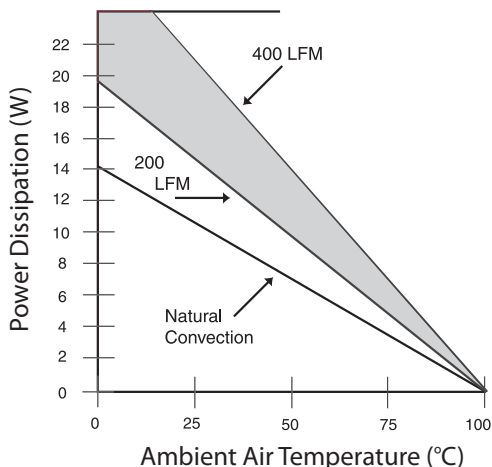
	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
INPUT	INPUT					
	Voltage Range					
	VKA75LS		18	24	36	VDC
	VKA75MS		33	48	75	VDC
	Maximum Input Current					
	VKA75LS	$V_{IN} = 16VDC$			5.5	A
	VKA75MS	$V_{IN} = 27VDC$			3.3	A
	Reflected Ripple Current	Peak - Peak		20		mA
	Input Ripple Rejection	DC to 1KHz	50	60		dB
	No Load Input Current LS/MS			50/100		mA
	No Load	Power Dissipation LS/MS		3.6/4.8		W
	Standby, Primary On/Off Disabled	LS/MS		0.18/0.4		W
	Inrush Charge	$V_{IN} = V_{IN,max.}$				
	VKA75LS				0.520	mC
VKA75MS				0.360	mC	
Quiescent Operating Current			8	12	mA	
Primary On/Off Disabled						
	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
OUTPUT	OUTPUT					
	Rated Power		0		75	W
	Set point Accuracy			1		%
	Line Regulation	High Line to Low Line		0.02	0.05	%
	Load Regulation	No Load to Rated Load		0.2	0.5	%
	Output Temperature Drift			± 0.2		%/ $^{\circ}C$
	Output Ripple, p-p	DC to 20MHz BW		1%		$V_{OUT, Nom}$
	Output Current Limit Inception			130%	150%	$I_{OUT, Nom}$
	Output Short-Circuit Current (2)	test		120%	150%	$I_{OUT, Nom}$
	Output Overvoltage Limit			125%	135%	V
	Transient Response	50 to 100% Load Step				
	Peak Deviation	$di/dt = 1.0A/\mu Sec$		2%		$V_{OUT, Nom}$
	Settling Time	$V_{OUT, 1\%}$ of Nominal Output		100		μSec
		PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX
GENERAL	ISOLATION					
	Input to Output	Peak Test for 2 Seconds	1500			VDC
	Input to Baseplate		1500			VDC
	Output to Baseplate		500			VDC
	Resistance		10			M Ω
	Capacitance			2000		pF
	Leakage Current	$V_{ISO} = 240VAC, 60Hz$		180		$\mu A, rms$
	GENERAL					
	Efficiency, Line, Load, Temp. (3)					
	Switching Frequency		400	420	440	KHz
	Remote Sense Compensation				0.5	V
	Output Voltage Adjust Range	12V & higher(4)		-50% / +25%		$V_{OUT, Nom}$
	Remote On/Off Control Inputs					
	Primary	Open Collector/Drain				
	Sink Current-Logic Low				1.0	mA
	Vlow				0.4	V
	Vhigh				Open Collector	
	Turn-on Time	Within 1% of Rated Output		10.0	12.5	mSec
	Weight				85 (3.0)	g (oz.)
	TEMPERATURE					
	Operation/Specification	Case Temperature	-40	+25	+100	$^{\circ}C$
	Storage	Case Temperature	-55	+25	+125	$^{\circ}C$
	Shutdown Temperature	Case Temperature	+100		+115	$^{\circ}C$
Thermal Impedance, case-ambient			7.1		$^{\circ}C/W$	
Lead Solder Temperature	10 Seconds max			+300	$^{\circ}C$	

- NOTES:** (1) See Typical Performance Curves, page 3
 (2) Continuous Mode
 (3) See graphs for Efficiency vs. Output Load, V_{IN}, T_{CASE}
 (4) 3.3V Models Limited in Trim Down Range
 (5) Consult Factory for Details

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES
T_{CASE} = +40°C nominal input voltage unless otherwise specified.



POWER DERATING WTH NO HEATSINK

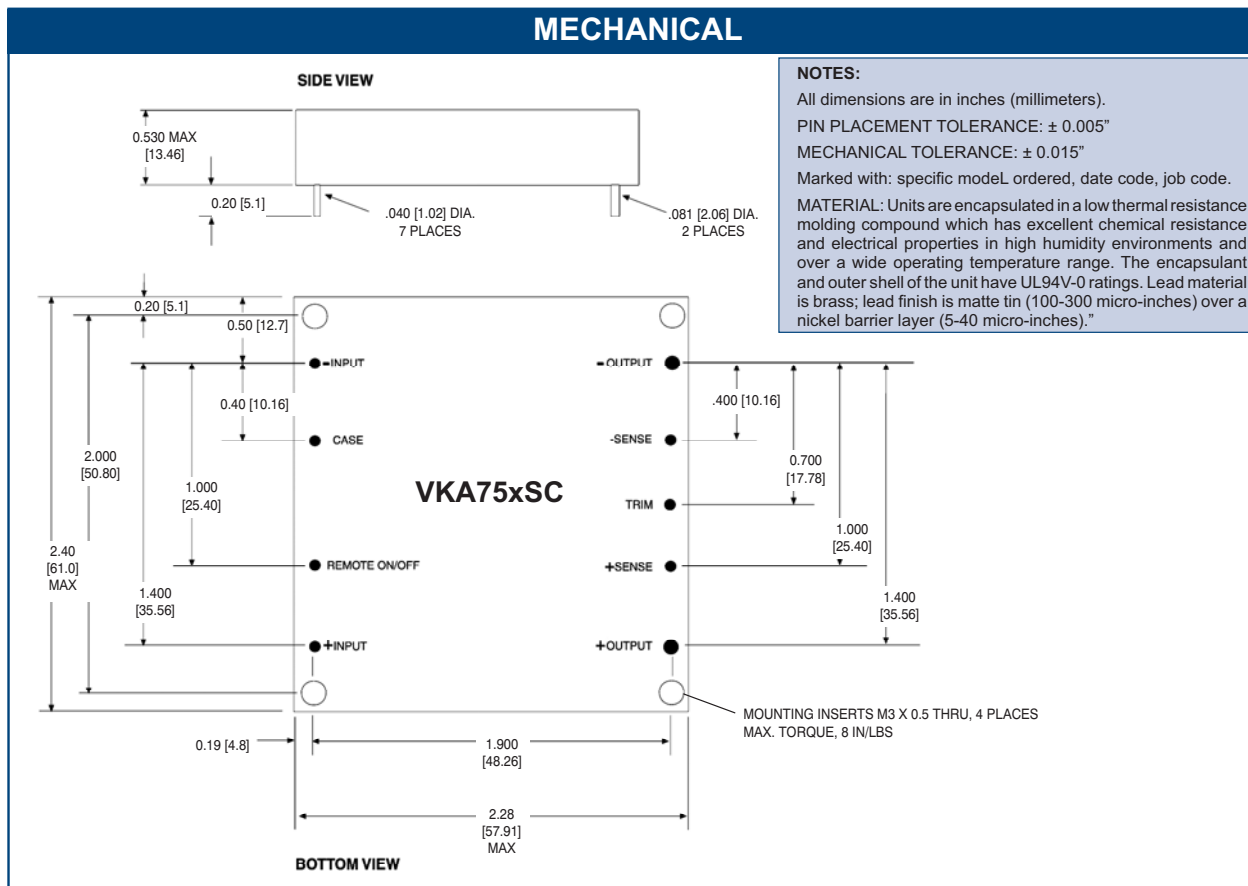


ORDERING INFORMATION

Device Family VKA75
 Indicates 75 Watt Regulated Unit
 Model Number xSzz
 Selected from Table of Electrical Characteristics
 Where:
 x = Input Voltage (L = 24VDC; M = 48VDC)
 zz = Output Voltage (03=3.3V, 05=5V, etc.)
 Lead Length _____
 0.200" - No Number
 0.145" - (6)
 0.110" - (8)
 Remote On-Off Logic: _____
 Positive - No Number
 Negative - (1)
 RoHS Compliant _____

Not all model configurations are available. The following are the defined and active models:

- VKA75LS05-1C
- VKA75LS05C
- VKA75LS12-1C
- VKA75LS12C
- VKA75LS15C
- VKA75LS24C
- VKA75MS03C
- VKA75MS05C
- VKA75MS12C
- VKA75MS24C



OUTPUT ADJUST VOLTAGE

This feature allows the user to accurately adjust the module's output voltage set point to a specified level. This is achieved by connecting a resistor or potentiometer from the TRIM terminal to either the +Vout terminal (for increased Vout) or the -Vout terminal (for decreased Vout). The formulae below describe the trim resistor value to obtain a Vout change of Δ%. Vo is output voltage prior to adjustment (3.3V, 5V, 12V, 15V, or 24V).

$$R_{adj - up} = \left(\frac{V_o(100 + \Delta\%)}{1.225\Delta\%} - \frac{(100 + 2\Delta\%)}{\Delta\%} \right) \Omega$$

$$R_{adj - down} = \left(\frac{100}{\Delta\%} - 2 \right) \Omega$$

OVP NOTE

Special attention should be given to the peak voltage deviation during a dynamic load step when trimming the output above the original set point to avoid tripping the overvoltage protection circuit. Should an OVP condition occur, the converter will go into a latch condition and must be externally reset before it will return to normal operation.